MAY/JUNE 2005

CARIBBEAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

SECONDARY EDUCATION CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

PHYSICS

Paper 02 - General Proficiency

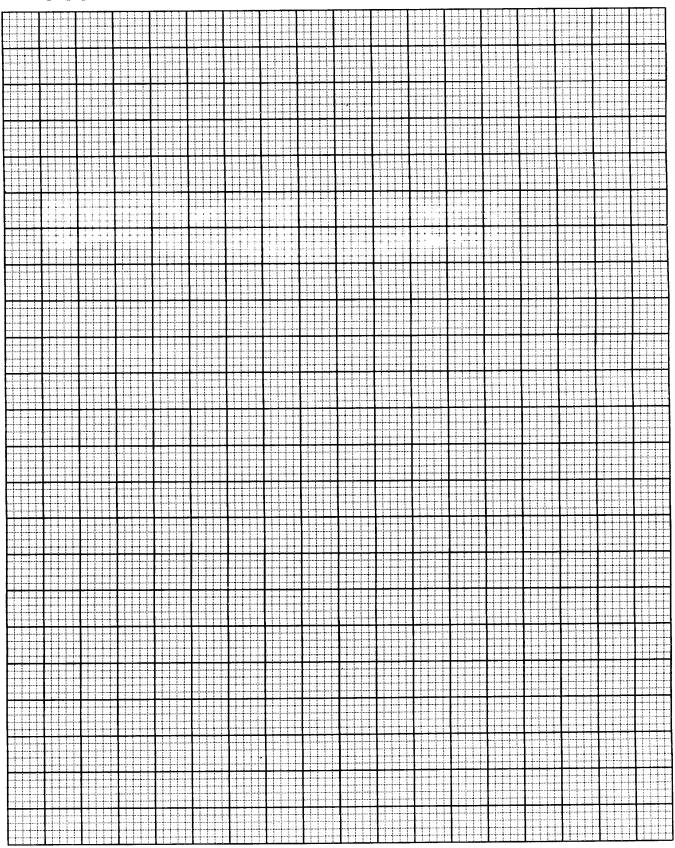
 $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours

READ THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1. You MUST use this answer booklet when responding to the questions. For each question, write your answer in the space provided and return the answer booklet at the end of the examination.
- 2. ALL WORKING MUST BE SHOWN in this booklet, since marks will be awarded for correct steps in calculations.
- 3. Attempt ALL questions.
- 4. The use of non-programmable calculators is allowed.
- 5. Mathematical tables are provided.

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Graph paper for Question 1.



1. You are to spend no more than $\frac{1}{2}$ hour on this question.

In this question you will find the refractive index of a rectangular block of glass.

A student was given this experiment as a CXC SBA activity and produced the following results.

Angle of incidence i/degrees	Angle of refraction r/degrees	Sin î	Sin r̂
10.0	6.0		
20.0	12.0		
30.0	18.0		
40.0	24.0		
50.0	30.0		
60.0	36.0		

Complete the table above.	(4 marks)
Plot a graph of Sin i against Sin r on the graph paper provided on page 2.	(10 marks)
Find the slope, n, of the graph.	`
,	
	(4 marks)
What does the slope, n, of the graph represent?	
	(1 mark)

otain the results.	
A ray of light is incident at an angle of 35°. With the aid of dotted ne angle of refraction produced.	
A ray of light is incident at an angle of 35°. With the aid of dotted ne angle of refraction produced.	(6 r
A ray of light is incident at an angle of 35°. With the aid of dotted ne angle of refraction produced.	
A ray of light is incident at an angle of 35°. With the aid of dotted ne angle of refraction produced.	lines use your graph to ca
ne angle of refraction produced.	lines use your graph to ca
ne angle of refraction produced.	lines use your graph to ca
ne angle of refraction produced.	lines use your graph to ca
ne angle of refraction produced.	lines use your graph to ca
ne angle of refraction produced.	lines use your graph to ca
ne angle of refraction produced.	lines use your graph to ca

MECHANICS

(a)	(i)	State the principle of conservation of energy.
		(2 mark
	(ii)	Define the term 'potential energy'.
		(1 mark
	(iii)	Give ONE example of a body possessing potential energy.
		(1 mark
	(iv)	Define the term 'kinetic energy'.
		(1 mark
	(v)	Give ONE example of a body possessing kinetic energy.
		(1 mark
(b)) At a f	potball match between two college teams, the referee ordered a free kick. The ball of mass was placed at rest. The kick was about to be taken by an eager footballer.
	What	was the potential energy of the ball just before the kick was taken?
		(1 mark

potballer kicked the ball and it was caught by the opposing goalkeeper, 4 met d. The ball was travelling at 10 m s^{-1} .	res above the
Calculate the potential energy of the ball just before it was caught.	
	(3 marks)
Calculate the kinetic energy of the ball just before it was caught.	,
	(3 marks)
After the ball was caught, what was the kinetic energy converted into?	
	(2 marks)
	d. The ball was travelling at 10 m s ⁻¹ . Calculate the potential energy of the ball just before it was caught. Calculate the kinetic energy of the ball just before it was caught.

3.	(a)	Defin	ne the 'heat capacity of a substance' and state its SI unit.
		· <u> </u>	
			(3 marks)
	(b)	Name	e the THREE modes of heat transfer.
			(3 marks)
	(c)	imme	ll-insulated hot water tank is used to supply hot water to a residential dwelling house. The resion heating element inside the tank has a power rating of 2200 W and the tank contains g of water at 28°C. Calculate
		(i)	the heat energy supplied by the heating element in 2 hours
			(3 marks)
		(ii)	the heat energy supplied to the water, given that its temperature increases to 58°C
			(3 marks)
,			[specific heat capacity of water is 4200 J kg ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]
		(iii)	the heat capacity of the tank, assuming that the tank and the water reach the same final temperature of 58°C.
			(3 marks)

I.	(a)	Explain what i	s meant by the term 'ma	gnetic field'.	
				147	(2 marks)
	(b)	TWO bar maging pattern for the	nets are close to each oth TWO arrangements sho	er so that their magnetic fown below.	fields interact. Sketch the field
		(i) S	N	N S	7
		L	·		
		(ii) S	S N	S N	
					(4 marks)
	(c)	In Figure 1 be the secondary	low the primary of the t	transformer is connected e-zero galvanometer.	to a battery and a switch while

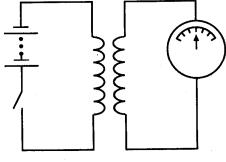


Figure 1

	(2
Explain your answer.	(2 m
Explain your answer.	
	(3 m
opened.	served on the galvanometer if the switch is subsequ
	(2 ma
Deduce what would be obse a low frequency a.c. supply	rved on the galvanometer if the battery were replace
Deduce what would be obse a low frequency a.c. supply	rved on the galvanometer if the battery were replace.
How would these observation secondary were significantly	(1 material to the difference of turns on the transform increased?
How would these observation secondary were significantly	rved on the galvanometer if the battery were replaced. (1 materials on the difference of turns on the transfo

5. (a) Identify the logic gates described in the first column of the table below and hence complete the table by writing in the names and logic symbols in the appropriate columns.

DESCRIPTION	NAME	SYMBOL
Output is always low except when both inputs are high.		
Output is always high except when both inputs are low .		
Output is always high except when both inputs are high.		

(6 marks)

(b) Figure 2 shows a logic circuit.

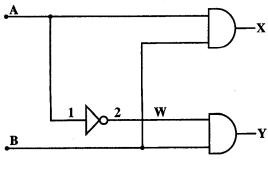


Figure 2

Examine the logic circuit shown in Figure 2 and complete the TRUTH TABLE below:

A	В	W	X	Y
0	0			
0	1			
1	0			
1	0			

(6 marks)

(c) The logic circuit of Figure 2 is incorporated into the electrical system of a car as shown in Figure 3 below, and switches S1 and S2 are operated according to the table below.

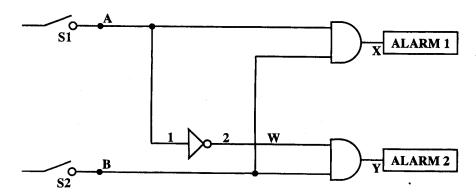


Figure 3

	ENGINE ON	ENGINE OFF	DOOR OPEN	DOOR CLOSED
SWITCH S1	ON	OFF	ANY STATE	ANY STATE
SWITCH S2	ANY STATE	ANY STATE	ON	OFF

the DOOR is OPEN and the ENGINE is OFF.	<u>.</u>
and BOOK is Of Erv and the Ervonve is Off.	
	(2)
the DOOR is OPEN and the ENGINE is ON.	
	(1

END OF TEST